## **Amendments to the Claims:**

- 1 1. (**Previously presented**) A coolable housing jacket (1) for an electric motor, which is
- 2 manufactured as a cast moulded part, is formed for receiving a concentric internal
- 3 rotor/stator arrangement (23) together with windings and winding overhang (24) with a
- 4 through-passage (3) that is symmetrical, concentric and/or coaxial with respect to a
- 5 hypothetical motor axis of rotation, and which is penetrated by one or more cooling
- 6 channels (2, 2a-h) to form a coolant circuit, characterised by the housing jacket (1) being
- 7 <u>an integral casting having</u> a coating of the jacket inner faces including the channel
- 8 internal walls via a cathodic dip-varnishing process.
- 1 2. (**Previously presented**) A housing jacket according to claim 1, characterised in that
- 2 the coating thickness is between 10  $\mu$ m and 50  $\mu$ m.
- 1 3. (Previously presented) A housing jacket according to claim 1, characterised by the
- 2 use of a dipping varnish with a basis of epoxyaminourethane deposited by a
- 3 cathophoretic process.
- 4. (**Previously presented**) A housing jacket according to claim 1, characterised by the
- 2 manufacture of the jacket body from aluminium.

- 1 5. (Previously presented) A housing jacket according to claim 1, characterised in that
- 2 the cooling channels (2) end with apertures freely accessible on the outside opening on to
- 3 at least a first (5a) of plural housing jacket end faces (5a, 5b).
- 1 6. (**Previously presented**) A housing jacket according to claim 5, characterised in that in
- a second of the housing jacket end faces (5a, 5b) the cooling channels (2) end at a
- 3 housing wall formed by casting and are thus closed in a sealing-tight manner with respect
- 4 to the outside.
- 7. (**Previously presented**) A housing jacket according to claim 6, characterised in that
- 2 the housing jacket end faces (5a, 5b) comprise two end faces which are remote from one
- another and/or parallel to one another, the cooling channels (2) in the first (5a) of which
- 4 end freely accessibly on the exterior, and the cooling channels (2) in the second (5b) of
- 5 which end at a housing end wall (6) formed by casting and are thus closed in a sealing-
- 6 tight manner to the exterior.
- 8. (**Previously presented**) A housing jacket according to claim 6, characterised in that
- 2 the second (5b) housing jacket end face (6) or end wall formed by casting abuts the
- 3 remaining housing jacket body in an integral manner.
- 9. (**Previously presented**) A housing jacket according to claim 7, characterised in that
- 2 the second (5b) housing end wall (6) formed by casting is provided inside with cavities
- 3 such that they form deflection chambers and/or transverse ducts (14), which
- 4 communicate with the cooling channels (2), extend transverse to a hypothetical motor
- 5 axis of rotation, and join together the channel ends and/or the deflection chambers.

- 1 10. (**Previously presented**) A housing jacket according to claim 6, characterised in that
- 2 the housing jacket end face (6) formed by casting and sealing the cooling channels (2)
- 3 has in its cast wall one or more bores (15) or other perforations.
- 1 11. (**Previously presented**) A housing jacket according to claim 10, characterised in that
- 2 the bores or perforations have a female thread for the fixing of casting core holding
- 3 elements and/or for receiving screw-type seals (16).
- 1 12. (**Previously presented**) A housing jacket according to claim 11, characterised in that
- 2 the screw-type seals (16) are provided with sealing rings.
- 1 13. (**Previously presented**) A housing jacket according to claim 10, characterised in that
- 2 the bores (15) or perforations are formed as inlets or outlets (7, 11) for coolant and
- 3 communicate with the cooling channels, optionally via a deflection chamber and/or
- 4 transverse duct (14).
- 1 14. (**Previously presented**) A housing jacket according to claim 5, characterised in that
- 2 at least on a first housing jacket end face (5a) fixing elements (18) are provided in order
- 3 to mount a cover, an end shield or pressure ring (17).
- 1 15. (New) A coolable housing jacket (1) for an electric motor, which is manufactured as
- 2 a cast moulded part, is formed for receiving a concentric internal rotor/stator arrangement
- 3 (23) together with windings and winding overhang (24) with a through-passage (3) that is
- 4 symmetrical, concentric and/or coaxial with respect to a hypothetical motor axis of
- 5 rotation, and which is penetrated by one or more cooling channels (2, 2a-h) to form a
- 6 coolant circuit, characterised by

- (a) a coating on the jacket inner faces including the channel internal walls via a
  cathodic dip-varnishing process and
  (b) the housing jacket being an integral casting within which are the cooling channels
  (2) and transverse ducts (14) connecting the ends of cooling channels of adjacent
- 11 quadrants.